WHO International Standard
Ferritin, human, recombinant
NIBSC code: 94/572
Instructions for use
(Version 3.0, Dated 04/04/2008)

1. INTENDED USE
The standard 94/572 is for use in immunoassays for human serum ferritin.

The recombinant ferritin preparation, 94/572, was evaluated by 18 laboratories in 9 countries for its suitability as an International Standard (IS; reference 1). The preparation was assayed in a wide range of in-house and commercial immunoassays against the 2nd IS for ferritin, spleen (80/578). The recombinant ferritin was immunologically similar to the 2nd IS in the majority of assays, and demonstrated adequate stability in accelerated degradation studies. On the basis of these results, and with the overall agreement of the participants of the collaborative study, the World Health Organization (WHO) Expert Committee on Biological Standardization established 94/572 as the 3rd IS for ferritin, recombinant, with an ASSIGNED CONTENT of 6.3 MICROGRAMS/AMPOULE.

2. CAUTION
This preparation is not for administration to humans or animals in the human food chain.

The preparation contains material of human origin, and either the final product or the source materials, from which it is derived, have been tested and found negative for HBsAg, anti-HIV and HCV RNA. As with all materials of biological origin, this preparation should be regarded as potentially hazardous to health. It should be used and discarded according to your own laboratory’s safety procedures. Such safety procedures should include the wearing of protective gloves and avoiding the generation of aerosols. Care should be exercised in opening ampoules or vials, to avoid cuts.

3. UNITAGE
Each ampoule contains 6.3 micrograms ferritin.

4. CONTENTS
Country of origin of biological material: United Kingdom.
Recombinant human ferritin was expressed in an E Coli strain transformed with the plasmid pEMBLex2LFT which encodes the full human ferritin L-chain amino acid sequence. Details of its production, purification and characterization are described in references 2-4.

The recombinant ferritin was diluted in human cryosupernatant plasma (pooled from individual donations which had been tested and found negative for HBsAg, anti-HIV and anti-HCV; kindly provided by North East Thames Regional Transfusion Centre, Brentwood, Essex, UK) before distribution into ampoules and lyophilization.

5. STORAGE
Store unopened ampoules at or below -20°C. Please note: because of the inherent stability of lyophilized material, NIBSC may ship these materials at ambient temperature.

6. DIRECTIONS FOR OPENING
DIN ampoules have an ‘easy-open’ coloured stress point, where the narrow ampoule stem joins the wider ampoule body. Tap the ampoule gently to collect the material at the bottom (labeled) end. Ensure that the disposable ampoule safety breaker provided is pushed down on the stem of the ampoule and against the shoulder of the ampoule body. Hold the body of the ampoule in one hand and the disposable ampoule breaker covering the ampoule stem between the thumb and first finger of the other hand. Apply a bending force to open the ampoule at the coloured stress point, primarily using the hand holding the plastic collar. Care should be taken to avoid cuts and projectile glass fragments that might enter the eyes, for example, by the use of suitable gloves and an eye shield. Take care that no material is lost from the ampoule and no glass falls into the ampoule. Within the ampoule is dry nitrogen gas at slightly less than atmospheric pressure. A new disposable ampoule breaker is provided with each DIN ampoule.

7. USE OF MATERIAL
No attempt should be made to weigh out any portion of the freeze-dried material prior to reconstitution.

Reconstitute the contents of each ampoule with 1.0 ml distilled water. Store at 4°C (short term only since the preparation does not contain sodium azide).

THE FERRITIN CONCENTRATION OF THE RECONSTITUTED MATERIAL IS 6.3 MICROGRAMS/ML.

8. STABILITY
It is the policy of WHO not to assign an expiry date to their international reference materials. They remain valid with the assigned potency and status until withdrawn or amended. Accelerated degradation studies have indicated that this standard is suitably stable, when stored at ~20°C or below, for the assigned values to remain valid until the standard is withdrawn or replaced. These studies have also shown that the standard is suitably stable for shipment at ambient temperature without any effect on the assigned values.

Reference materials are held at NIBSC within assured, temperature-controlled storage facilities. Reference Materials should be stored on receipt as indicated on the label. For information specific to a particular biological standard, contact the Technical Information Officer or, where known, the appropriate NIBSC scientist.

NIBSC follows the policy of WHO with respect to its reference materials. Users who have data supporting any deterioration in the characteristics of any reference preparation are encouraged to contact NIBSC.

9. REFERENCES

10. ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS
We thank the participants of the collaborative study to assign unitage.

11. FURTHER INFORMATION
Further information can be obtained as follows:
This material: enquiries@nibsc.org
WHO Biological Standards:
http://www.who.int/biologicals/en/
JCTLM Higher order reference materials:
http://www.bipm.org/en/committees/jc/jctlm/
Derivation of International Units:
http://www.nibsc.org/standardisation/international_standards.aspx
Ordering standards from NIBSC:
http://www.nibsc.org/products/ordering.aspx
NIBSC Terms & Conditions:
http://www.nibsc.org/terms_and_conditions.aspx
12. CUSTOMER FEEDBACK
Customers are encouraged to provide feedback on the suitability or use of the material provided or other aspects of our service. Please send any comments to enquiries@nibsc.org

13. CITATION
In all publications, including data sheets, in which this material is referenced, it is important that the preparation's title, its status, the NIBSC code number, and the name and address of NIBSC are cited and cited correctly.

14. MATERIAL SAFETY SHEET
Classification in accordance with Directive 2000/54/EC, Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008: Not applicable or not classified

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Physical and Chemical properties</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Physical appearance:</td>
<td>Lyophilisate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Corrosive:</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stable:</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oxidising:</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hygroscopic:</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Irritant:</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammable:</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Handling:</td>
<td>See caution, Section 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other (specify):</td>
<td>Contains material of human origin</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Toxicological properties</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Effects of inhalation:</td>
<td>Not established, avoid inhalation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Effects of ingestion:</td>
<td>Not established, avoid ingestion</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Effects of skin absorption:</td>
<td>Not established, avoid contact with skin</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Suggested First Aid

| Inhalation:                           | Seek medical advice |
| Ingestion:                            | Seek medical advice |
| Contact with eyes:                    | Wash with copious amounts of water. Seek medical advice |
| Contact with skin:                    | Wash thoroughly with water. |

Action on Spillage and Method of Disposal

Spillage of contents should be taken up with absorbent material wetted with an appropriate disinfectant. Rinse area with an appropriate disinfectant followed by water. Absorbent materials used to treat spillage should be treated as biological waste.

15. LIABILITY AND LOSS
In the event that this document is translated into another language, the English language version shall prevail in the event of any inconsistencies between the documents.

Unless expressly stated otherwise by NIBSC, NIBSC’s Standard Terms and Conditions for the Supply of Materials (available at http://www.nibsc.org/About Us/Terms and Conditions.aspx or upon request by the Recipient) (“Conditions”) apply to the exclusion of all other terms and are hereby incorporated into this document by reference. The Recipient’s attention is drawn in particular to the provisions of clause 11 of the Conditions.

16. INFORMATION FOR CUSTOMS USE ONLY

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Country of origin for customs purposes*:</th>
<th>United Kingdom</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>* Defined as the country where the goods have been produced and/or sufficiently processed to be classed as originating from the country of supply, for example a change of state such as freeze-drying.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net weight:</td>
<td>0.08g</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Toxicity Statement:</td>
<td>Toxicity not assessed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Veterinary certificate or other statement if applicable:</td>
<td>Attached: No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

National Institute for Biological Standards and Control
Potters Bar, Hertfordshire, EN6 3QG, T +44 (0)1707 641000, nibsc.org
WHO International Laboratory for Biological Standards, UK Official Medicines Control Laboratory

17. CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS
NIBSC does not provide a Certificate of Analysis for WHO Biological Reference Materials because they are internationally recognised primary reference materials fully described in the instructions for use. The reference materials are established according to the WHO Recommendations for the preparation, characterization and establishment of international and other biological reference standards http://www.who.int/bloodproducts/publications/TRS932Annex2_Inter_biol efstandardsrev2004.pdf (revised 2004). They are officially endorsed by the WHO Expert Committee on Biological Standardization (ECBS) based on the report of the international collaborative study which established their suitability for the intended use.