WHO International Standard
Parathyroid hormone 1-34, recombinant, human, 2nd International Standard
NIBSC code: 15/304
Instructions for use
(Version 1.01, Dated 07/03/2018)

1. INTENDED USE
A preparation of recombinant hPTH 1-34, coded 15/304, was ampouled and evaluated for its suitability to serve as a WHO International Standard by international collaborative study. It was established as the 2nd International Standard for Parathyroid Hormone 1-34, Human, Recombinant, by the Expert Committee on Biological Standardization of the World Health Organization in October 2017. It is intended for use in calibrating hPTH 1-34 potency assays (HPLC, immunoassay, in vitro bioassay).

2. CAUTION
This preparation is not for administration to humans or animals in the human food chain.

The material is not of human or bovine origin. As with all materials of biological origin, this preparation should be regarded as potentially hazardous to health. It should be used and discarded according to your own laboratory’s safety procedures. Such safety procedures should include the wearing of protective gloves and avoiding the generation of aerosols. Care should be exercised in opening ampoules or vials, to avoid cuts.

3. UNITAGE
Each ampoule of 15/304 contains 0.914 mg hPTH 1-34 (by definition).

The assigned mass value carries an uncertainty of 0.65%, giving rise to confidence intervals of 0.902, 0.926 mg per ampoule. For bioassay purposes the material is assigned a content of 9140 IU.

4. CONTENTS
Country of origin of biological material: United Kingdom.

Each ampoule contains the residue after lyophilisation of 1 mL of a solution that contained:

10 mg trehalose in 1 mM acetic acid
hPTH 1-34

5. STORAGE
Unopened ampoules should be stored at -20°C

Please note: because of the inherent stability of lyophilized material, NIBSC may ship these materials at ambient temperature.

6. DIRECTIONS FOR OPENING
DIN ampoules have an "easy-open" coloured stress point, where the narrow ampoule stem joins the wider ampoule body.

Tap the ampoule gently to collect the material at the bottom (labeled) end. Ensure that the disposable ampoule safety breaker provided is pushed down on the stem of the ampoule and against the shoulder of the ampoule body. Hold the body of the ampoule in one hand and the disposable ampoule breaker covering the ampoule stem between the thumb and first finger of the other hand. Apply a bending force to open the ampoule at the coloured stress point, primarily using the hand holding the plastic collar.

Care should be taken to avoid cuts and projectile glass fragments that might enter the eyes, for example, by the use of suitable gloves and an eye shield. Take care that no material is lost from the ampoule and no glass falls into the ampoule. Within the ampoule is dry nitrogen gas at slightly less than atmospheric pressure. A new disposable ampoule breaker is provided with each DIN ampoule.

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7. USE OF MATERIAL
No attempt should be made to weigh out any portion of the freeze-dried material prior to reconstitution.

For all practical purposes, each ampoule of reagent contains the same quantity of the substances listed above. Depending upon intended use, dissolve the total contents of the ampoule in a known volume of a suitable diluent (distilled water, saline or buffer) with carrier protein (0.05 – 0.1% BSA or HSA) where extensive dilution is required. The ampoules do not contain bacteriostat and solution of the reagent should not be assumed to be sterile.

8. STABILITY
Stability based on analysis of thermally accelerated degradation samples showed a predicted yearly loss of activity at -20°C of 0.005%. These results indicate that the standard is likely to be highly stable under long term storage conditions at -20°C, and that the material will also be stable during normal shipping at ambient temperatures.

NIBSC follows the policy of WHO with respect to its reference materials.

It is the policy of WHO not to assign an expiry date to their international reference materials. They remain valid with the assigned potency and status until withdrawn or amended. Reference materials are held at NIBSC within assured, temperature-controlled storage facilities.

Reference Materials should be stored on receipt as indicated on the label. In addition, once reconstituted, diluted or aliquoted, users should determine the stability of the material according to their own method of preparation, storage and use. Users who have data supporting any deterioration in the characteristics of any reference preparation are encouraged to contact NIBSC.

NIBSC follows the policy of WHO with respect to its reference materials.

9. REFERENCES
http://www.who.int/biologicals/expert_committee/BS2312_hPTH_1-34_2nd_IS_report_for_ECBS.pdf?ua=1

10. ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS
We gratefully acknowledge the important contributions of all the participants in the collaborative study, Eli Lilly & Co., who donated the bulk material, and the Centre for Biological Reference Materials, NIBSC for preparation and despatch of the ampouled materials.

11. FURTHER INFORMATION
Further information can be obtained as follows:
This material: enquiries@nibsc.org
WHO Biological Standards:
http://www.who.int/biologicals/en/
JCTLM Higher order reference materials:
http://www.bipm.org/en/committees/jc/jctlm/
Derivation of International Units:
http://www.nibsc.org/standardisation/international_standards.aspx
Ordering standards from NIBSC:

National Institute for Biological Standards and Control,
Potters Bar, Hertfordshire, EN6 3QG. T +44 (0)1707 641000, nibsc.org
WHO International Laboratory for Biological Standards,
UK Official Medicines Control Laboratory

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12. CUSTOMER FEEDBACK
Customers are encouraged to provide feedback on the suitability or use of the material provided or other aspects of our service. Please send any comments to enquiries@nibsc.org.

13. CITATION
In all publications, including data sheets, in which this material is referenced, it is important that the preparation's title, its status, the NIBSC code number, and the name and address of NIBSC are cited and cited correctly.

14. MATERIAL SAFETY SHEET
Classification in accordance with Directive 2000/54/EC, Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008: Not applicable or not classified

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Physical and Chemical properties</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Physical appearance:</td>
<td>Corrosive: No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Freeze-dried powder</td>
<td>Oxidising: No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stable:</td>
<td>Irritant: No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hygroscopic:</td>
<td>Handling: See caution, Section 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammable:</td>
<td>Other (specify):</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Toxicological properties</th>
<th></th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Effects of inhalation:</td>
<td>Not established, avoid inhalation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Effects of ingestion:</td>
<td>Not established, avoid ingestion</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Effects of skin absorption:</td>
<td>Not established, avoid contact with skin</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Suggested First Aid**
- **Inhalation:** Seek medical advice
- **Ingestion:** Seek medical advice
- **Contact with eyes:** Wash with copious amounts of water. Seek medical advice
- **Contact with skin:** Wash thoroughly with water.

**Action on Spillage and Method of Disposal**
Spillage of ampoule contents should be taken up with absorbent material wetted with an appropriate disinfectant. Rinse area with an appropriate disinfectant followed by water. Absorbent materials used to treat spillage should be treated as biological waste.

15. LIABILITY AND LOSS
In the event that this document is translated into another language, the English language version shall prevail in the event of any inconsistencies between the documents. Unless expressly stated otherwise by NIBSC, NIBSC’s Standard Terms and Conditions for the Supply of Materials (available at http://www.nibsc.org/About_Us/Terms_and_Conditions.aspx or upon request by the Recipient) (“Conditions”) apply to the exclusion of all other terms and are hereby incorporated into this document by reference. The Recipient's attention is drawn in particular to the provisions of clause 11 of the Conditions.

16. INFORMATION FOR CUSTOMS USE ONLY

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Country of origin for customs purposes*:</th>
<th>United Kingdom</th>
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* Defined as the country where the goods have been produced and/or sufficiently processed to be classed as originating from the country of supply, for example a change of state such as freeze-drying.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Net weight:</th>
<th>10 mg</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Toxicity Statement:</td>
<td>Non-toxic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Veterinary certificate or other statement if applicable:</td>
<td>Attached: No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

17. CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS
NIBSC does not provide a Certificate of Analysis for WHO Biological Reference Materials because they are internationally recognised primary reference materials fully described in the instructions for use. The reference materials are established according to the WHO Recommendations for the preparation, characterization and establishment of international and other biological reference standards http://www.who.int/bloodproducts/publications/TRS932Annex2_Inter_biol_esstandardsrev2004.pdf (revised 2004). They are officially endorsed by the WHO Expert Committee on Biological Standardization (ECBS) based on the report of the international collaborative study which established their suitability for the intended use.