**WHO International Standard**

**HUMAN ATRIAL NATRIURETIC FACTOR (ANF) 99-126**

1st International Standard
NIBSC code: 85/669

Instructions for use
(Version 5.0, Dated 30/04/2013)

---

### 1. INTENDED USE
Calibrate for ANF-assays

### 2. CAUTION
This preparation is not for administration to humans or animals in the human food chain

The preparation contains material of human origin, and either the final product or the source materials, from which it is derived, have been tested and found negative for HBsAg, anti-HIV and HCV RNA. As with all materials of biological origin, this preparation should be regarded as potentially hazardous to health. It should be used and discarded according to your own laboratory’s safety procedures. Such safety procedures should include the wearing of protective gloves and avoiding the generation of aerosols. Care should be exercised in opening ampoules or vials, to avoid cuts.

### 3. UNITAGE
Each ampoule contains 2.5 International Units (IU) human ANF 99-126

### 4. CONTENTS
Country of origin of biological material: ANF: USA, HSA: UK.

Each ampoule contains the residue after freeze-drying of 0.5 ml of a solution that contained:

- Human Atrial Natriuretic Factor (ANF) 99-126 2.5 µg
- Trehalose 2.5 mg
- Human serum albumin 0.5 mg
- Acetic acid 0.1 mol/l

The material has not been sterilized and contains no bacteriostat.

### 5. STORAGE
Store at -20ºC or below

**Please note:** because of the inherent stability of lyophilized material, NIBSC may ship these materials at ambient temperature.

### 6. DIRECTIONS FOR OPENING

Tap the ampoule gently to collect the material at the bottom (labelled) end. Ensure ampoule is scored all round at the narrow part of the neck, with a diamond or tungsten carbide tipped glass knife file or other suitable implement before attempting to open. Place the ampoule in the ampoule opener, positioning the score at position 'A'; shown in the diagram below. Surround the ampoule with cloth or layers of tissue paper. Grip the ampoule and holder in the hand and squeeze at point 'B'. The ampoule will snap open. Take care to avoid cuts and projectile glass fragments that enter eyes. Take care that no material is lost from the ampoule and that no glass falls into the ampoule.

---

[Diagram of ampoule opening device containing an ampoule positioned ready to open. 'A' is the score mark and 'B' the point of applied pressure.]

---

### 7. USE OF MATERIAL
No attempt should be made to weigh out any portion of the freeze-dried material prior to reconstitution.

For all practical purposes each ampoule contains the same amount of the same materials. Dissolve the total contents in a known amount of suitable buffer solution with carrier protein (free of peptidase), where extensive dilution is required, to minimise loss by surface adsorption.

For economy of use it is recommended that the solution be subdivided into several small containers, which are frozen rapidly to below –40ºC and then stored below –40ºC in the dark. Repeated freezing and thawing should be avoided.

### 8. STABILITY
NIBSC follows the policy of WHO with respect to its reference materials. It is the policy of WHO not to assign an expiry date to their international reference materials. They remain valid with the assigned potency and status until withdrawn or amended. Reference materials are held at NIBSC within assured, temperature-controlled storage facilities. Reference Materials should be stored on receipt as indicated on the label. In addition, once reconstituted, diluted or aliquoted, users should determine the stability of the material according to their own method of preparation, storage and use. Users who have data supporting any deterioration in the characteristics of any reference preparation are encouraged to contact NIBSC.

### 9. REFERENCES


### 10. ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS
The human ANF 99-126 contained in this ampoule was generously contributed to WHO by Bachem INC. USA

### 11. FURTHER INFORMATION
Further information can be obtained as follows;
This material: enquiries@nibsc.org
WHO Biological Standards: http://www.who.int/biologicals/en/
Derivation of International Units: http://www.nibsc.org/standardisation/international_standards.aspx
NIBSC Terms & Conditions: http://www.nibsc.org/terms_and_conditions.aspx

### 12. CUSTOMER FEEDBACK
Customers are encouraged to provide feedback on the suitability or use of the material provided or other aspects of our service. Please send any comments to enquiries@nibsc.org

### 13. CITATION
In all publications, including data sheets, in which this material is referenced, it is important that the preparation’s title, its status, the NIBSC code number, and the name and address of NIBSC are cited and cited correctly.

### 14. MATERIAL SAFETY SHEET

---

**National Institute for Biological Standards and Control,**
**Potters Bar, Hertfordshire, EN6 3QG. T +44 (0)1707 641000, nibsc.org**

**WHO International Laboratory for Biological Standards,**
**UK Official Medicines Control Laboratory**

---

[WHO International Standard]

[Diagram of ampoule opening device containing an ampoule positioned ready to open. 'A' is the score mark and 'B' the point of applied pressure.]
Calcification in accordance with Directive 2000/54/EC, Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008: Not applicable or not classified

**Physical and Chemical properties**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Physical appearance</td>
<td>Freeze-dried powder</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Corrosive</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stable</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oxidising</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hygroscopic</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Irritating</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammable</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Handling</td>
<td>See caution, Section 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other (specify)</td>
<td>Contains material of human origin</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Toxicological properties**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Effect</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Effects of inhalation</td>
<td>Not established, avoid inhalation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Effects of ingestion</td>
<td>Not established, avoid ingestion</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Effects of skin absorption</td>
<td>Not established, avoid contact with skin</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Suggested First Aid**

- **Inhalation**: Seek medical advice
- **Ingestion**: Seek medical advice
- **Contact with eyes**: Wash with copious amounts of water. Seek medical advice
- **Contact with skin**: Wash thoroughly with water.

**Action on Spillage and Method of Disposal**

- Spillage of contents should be taken up with absorbent material wetted with an appropriate virucidal agent. Rinse area with an appropriate virucidal agent followed by water.
- Absorbent materials used to treat spillage should be treated as biological waste.

15. **LIABILITY AND LOSS**

In the event that this document is translated into another language, the English language version shall prevail in the event of any inconsistencies between the documents.

Unless expressly stated otherwise by NIBSC, NIBSC’s Standard Terms and Conditions for the Supply of Materials (available at http://www.nibsc.org/About_Us/Terms_and_Conditions.aspx or upon request by the Recipient) (“Conditions”) apply to the exclusion of all other terms and are hereby incorporated into this document by reference. The Recipient’s attention is drawn in particular to the provisions of clause 11 of the Conditions.

16. **INFORMATION FOR CUSTOMS USE ONLY**

- **Country of origin for customs purposes**: United Kingdom
- **Net weight**: 3mg
- **Toxicity Statement**: Toxicity not assessed
- **Veterinary certificate or other statement if applicable**: Attached: No

17. **CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS**

NIBSC does not provide a Certificate of Analysis for WHO Biological Reference Materials because they are internationally recognised primary reference materials fully described in the instructions for use. The reference materials are established according to the WHO Recommendations for the preparation, characterization and establishment of international and other biological reference standards http://www.who.int/bloodproducts/publications/TRS932Annex2_Inter Biologicalstandardsrev2004.pdf (revised 2004). They are officially endorsed by the WHO Expert Committee on Biological Standardization (ECBS) based on the report of the international collaborative study which established their suitability for the intended use.