

WHO International Standard
WHO 4th International Standard for Streptokinase
NIBSC code: 16/358
Instructions for use
(Version 1.0, Dated 29/11/2019)

#### 1. INTENDED USE

Streptokinase is a plasminogen activator derived from Streptococcus haemolyticus. Streptokinase possesses no proteolytic or esterolytic activity itself and must form a 1:1 complex with plasminogen resulting in a plasminogen activator complex able to generate plasmin from free plasminogen. The plasmin generated in this way is able to digest fibrin and hence dissolve blood clots.

#### 2. CAUTION

# This preparation is not for administration to humans or animals in the human food chain.

The preparation contains material of human origin, and either the final product or the source materials, from which it is derived, have been tested and found negative for HBsAg, anti-HIV and HCV RNA. As with all materials of biological origin, this preparation should be regarded as potentially hazardous to health. It should be used and discarded according to your own laboratory's safety procedures. Such safety procedures should include the wearing of protective gloves and avoiding the generation of aerosols. Care should be exercised in opening ampoules or vials, to avoid cuts.

#### 3. UNITAGE

Bulk Streptokinase was dissolved in 7.5 L of 10 mM Hepes buffer, pH 7.4, containing 0.15 M NaCl and 5 mg/ml Human Albumin. This solution was dispensed in 1 ml aliquots into ampoules before freeze drying. The mean weight of solution dispensed into ampoules before drying was 1.008g (% cv = 0.17). The mean residual moisture remaining after freeze drying was 0.63 %. The contents of the ampoules should be reconstituted in 1 ml of distilled water. The activity of the solution thus formed was determined in an International Collaborative Study involving 15 laboratories from 9 countries and was found to be 1013 International Units (IU) per ampoule. The Standard was established by the Expert Committee on Biological Standardisation of the World Health Organisation (WHO) in October 2019 and designated the 4th International Standard for Streptokinase code 16/358.

## 4. CONTENTS

Country of origin of biological material: United Kingdom.

## 5. STORAGE

Unopened ampoules should be stored in the dark at or below -20 $^{\circ}$ C. Please note: because of the inherent stability of lyophilized material, NIBSC may ship these materials at ambient temperature.

## 6. DIRECTIONS FOR OPENING

DIN ampoules have an 'easy-open' coloured stress point, where the narrow ampoule stem joins the wider ampoule body. Various types of ampoule breaker are available commercially. To open the ampoule, tap the ampoule gently to collect material at the bottom (labelled) end and follow manufactures instructions provided with the ampoule breaker.

## 7. USE OF MATERIAL

No attempt should be made to weigh out any portion of the freeze-dried material prior to reconstitution

Ampoules are shipped at ambient temperatures and should be stored unopened in the dark at -20 °C upon arrival. To reconstitute, allow the ampoule to warm to room temperature and ensure that the lyophilised

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material is all in the base of the ampoule before carefully snapping off the top of the ampoule. The contents should be reconstituted using 1 ml of distilled water and mixed gently to produce a clear, colourless solution. This solution should be stored on ice and used as soon as possible by dilution into appropriate assay buffer under conditions defined for your assay. Following reconstitution, the activity is stable for several hours when the solution is maintained on ice. However, the potency is not guaranteed after further freezing and thawing of the reconstituted solution.

#### 8. STABILITY

Reference materials are held at NIBSC within assured, temperature-controlled storage facilities. Reference Materials should be stored on receipt as indicated on the label.

NIBSC follows the policy of WHO with respect to its reference materials. It is the policy of WHO not to assign an expiry date to their international reference materials and they remain valid with the assigned potency until withdrawn or amended.

Predictions on long term stability are made by monitoring ampoules stored under accelerated degradation conditions over time.

#### 9. REFERENCES

A report of the collaborative study to calibrate the standard is availble from WHO, reference WHO/BS/2019.2364.

#### 10. ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

We are grateful to all the participants that took part in the collaborative study, and to the Fibrinolysis Subcommittee of the Scientific and Standardization Committee (SSC) of the International Society on Thrombosis and Haemostasis (ISTH).

## 11. FURTHER INFORMATION

Further information can be obtained as follows;
This material: enquiries@nibsc.org
WHO Biological Standards:
http://www.who.int/biologicals/en/
JCTLM Higher order reference materials:
http://www.bipm.org/en/committees/jc/jctlm/

Derivation of International Units: http://www.nibsc.org/standardisation/international\_standards.aspx

Ordering standards from NIBSC:

http://www.nibsc.org/products/ordering.aspx

NIBSC Terms & Conditions:

http://www.nibsc.org/terms\_and\_conditions.aspx

## 12. CUSTOMER FEEDBACK

Customers are encouraged to provide feedback on the suitability or use of the material provided or other aspects of our service. Please send any comments to enquiries@nibsc.org

## 13. CITATION

In all publications, including data sheets, in which this material is referenced, it is important that the preparation's title, its status, the NIBSC code number, and the name and address of NIBSC are cited and cited correctly.

## 14. MATERIAL SAFETY SHEET

Classification in accordance with Directive 2000/54/EC, Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008: Not applicable or not classified

Physical and Chemical properties							
Physical appearance:		Corrosive:	No				
White freeze dried powder							
Stable:	Yes	Oxidising:	No				





## Medicines & Healthcare products Regulatory Agency



Hygroscopic:	Yes		Irritant:	No			
Flammable:	No		Handling:S	ee caution,	Section 2		
Other (specify): Contains material of human origin							
Toxicological properties							
Effects of inhalation	Not (	Not established, avoid inhalation					
Effects of ingestion:	Not	Not established, avoid ingestion					
Effects of skin absor	Not	t established, avoid contact with skin					
Suggested First Aid							
Inhalation: Seek medical advice							
Ingestion: Seek medical advice							
Contact with eyes: Wash with copious amounts of water. Seek medical advice							
Contact with skin:	Wash	sh thoroughly with water.					
Action on Spillage and Method of Disposal							
Spillage of ampoule contents should be taken up with absorbent material wetted with an appropriate disinfectant. Rinse area with an appropriate disinfectant followed by water.  Absorbent materials used to treat spillage should be treated as							

#### 15. LIABILITY AND LOSS

biological waste.

In the event that this document is translated into another language, the English language version shall prevail in the event of any inconsistencies between the documents.

Unless expressly stated otherwise by NIBSC, NIBSC's Standard Terms and Conditions for the Supply of Materials (available at http://www.nibsc.org/About\_Us/Terms\_and\_Conditions.aspx or upon request by the Recipient) ("Conditions") apply to the exclusion of all other terms and are hereby incorporated into this document by reference. The Recipient's attention is drawn in particular to the provisions of clause 11 of the Conditions.

## 16. INFORMATION FOR CUSTOMS USE ONLY

Country of origin for customs purposes\*: United Kingdom

\* Defined as the country where the goods have been produced and/or sufficiently processed to be classed as originating from the country of supply, for example a change of state such as freeze-drying.

Net weight: 10mg

Toxicity Statement: Toxicity not assessed

Veterinary certificate or other statement if applicable.

Attached: No

## 17. CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

NIBSC does not provide a Certificate of Analysis for WHO Biological Reference Materials because they are internationally recognised primary reference materials fully described in the instructions for use. The reference materials are established according to the WHO Recommendations for the preparation, characterization and establishment of international and other biological reference standards http://www.who.int/bloodproducts/publications/TRS932Annex2\_Inter\_biolefstandardsrev2004.pdf (revised 2004). They are officially endorsed by the WHO Expert Committee on Biological Standardization (ECBS) based on the report of the international collaborative study which established their suitability for the intended use.

