Medicines & Healthcare products Regulatory Agency



#### WHO International Standard 1st International Standard for Diphtheria Antitoxin Human NIBSC code: 10/262 Instructions for use (Version 5.0, Dated 23/01/2014)

#### 1. INTENDED USE

The 1<sup>st</sup> International Standard for Diphtheria Antitoxin Human is intended for use as a reference preparation in assays to determine the concentration of diphtheria antibody in human serum samples.

The results of an international collaborative study suggest that this standard is suitable for use as a reference preparation in toxin neutralization tests and in vitro immunoassays (including ELISA), and that the standard showed comparable behaviour to native human serum samples in the majority of different assay methods used [1, 2].

# 2. CAUTION

# This preparation is not for administration to humans or animals in the human food chain.

The preparation contains material of human origin, and either the final product or the source materials, from which it is derived, have been tested and found negative for HBsAg, anti-HIV and HCV RNA. As with all materials of biological origin, this preparation should be regarded as potentially hazardous to health. It should be used and discarded according to your own laboratory's safety procedures. Such safety procedures should include the wearing of protective gloves and avoiding the generation of aerosols. Care should be exercised in opening ampoules or vials, to avoid cuts.

#### 3. UNITAGE

The standard was calibrated in an international collaborative study using in vivo and in vitro (Vero cell assay) toxin neutralization tests. The standard has a diphtheria antitoxin potency of 2 International Units per ampoule (2 IU/ampoule). Potency was determined relative to the International Standard for Diphtheria Antitoxin Equine, DI (NIBSC code 09/204) [1, 2].

# 4. CONTENTS

Country of origin of biological material: United Kingdom. Each ampoule contains the freeze-dried residue of a 1 ml fill of normal human IgG (5% w/v).

# 5. STORAGE

Unopened ampoules should be stored in the dark at -20 °C. Please note: because of the inherent stability of lyophilized material, NIBSC may ship these materials at ambient temperature.

## 6. DIRECTIONS FOR OPENING

DIN ampoules have an 'easy-open' coloured stress point, where the narrow ampoule stem joins the wider ampoule body. Various types of ampoule breaker are available commercially. To open the ampoule, tap the ampoule gently to collect material at the bottom (labelled) end and follow manufactures instructions provided with the ampoule breaker.

#### 7. USE OF MATERIAL

No attempt should be made to weigh out any portion of the freeze-dried material prior to reconstitution

The entire contents of each ampoule should be reconstituted by the addition of 1 ml of a suitable solvent (sterile water is suitable).

National Institute for Biological Standards and Control, Potters Bar, Hertfordshire, EN6 3QG. T +44 (0)1707 641000, nibsc.org WHO International Laboratory for Biological Standards, UK Official Medicines Control Laboratory

# 8. STABILITY

Reference materials are held at NIBSC within assured, temperaturecontrolled storage facilities and they should be stored on receipt as indicated on the label. It is the policy of WHO not to assign an expiry date to their international reference materials. Accelerated degradation studies have indicated that this material is suitably stable, when stored at -20°C or below, for the assigned values to remain valid until the material is withdrawn or replaced [1]. These studies have also shown that the material is suitably stable for shipment at ambient temperature without any effect on the assigned values. Users who have data supporting any deterioration in the characteristics of any reference preparation are encouraged to contact NIBSC.

Reconstituted material should be used on the day of preparation and not stored for future use unless supported by appropriate stability data.

# 9. REFERENCES

[1] P. Stickings, P. Rigsby, L. Coombes, C von Hunolstein, L. Ralli, A. Pinto and D. Sesardic. Collaborative study for the calibration and commutability assessment of the proposed 1<sup>st</sup> International Standard for Diphtheria Antitoxin Human.

http://www.who.int/biologicals/expert\_committee/BS\_2192\_1st\_International \_Standard\_Diphtheria\_Antitoxin\_Human.pdf.

[2] Paul Stickings, Peter Rigsby, Laura Coombes, Christina von Hunolstein, Luisa Ralli, Antonella Pinto and Dorothea Sesardic. Calibration and commutability assessment of the 1st International Standard for Diphtheria Antitoxin Human. Biologicals, Volume 41, Issue 6, November 2013, Pages 384-392.

#### 10. ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS N/A

# 11. FURTHER INFORMATION

Further information can be obtained as follows; This material: enquiries@nibsc.org WHO Biological Standards: http://www.who.int/biologicals/en/ JCTLM Higher order reference materials: http://www.bipm.org/en/committees/jc/jctlm/ Derivation of International Units: http://www.nibsc.org/standardisation/international\_standards.aspx Ordering standards from NIBSC: http://www.nibsc.org/products/ordering.aspx NIBSC Terms & Conditions: http://www.nibsc.org/terms\_and\_conditions.aspx

# 12. CUSTOMER FEEDBACK

Customers are encouraged to provide feedback on the suitability or use of the material provided or other aspects of our service. Please send any comments to enquiries@nibsc.org

# 13. CITATION

In all publications, including data sheets, in which this material is referenced, it is important that the preparation's title, its status, the NIBSC code number, and the name and address of NIBSC are cited and cited correctly.

#### 14. MATERIAL SAFETY SHEET





Classification in accordance with Directive 2000/54/EC, Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008: Not applicable or not classified

Physical and Chemical properties		
Physical appearance: Freeze-dried powder (white)	Corrosive: No	
Stable: Yes	Oxidising: No	
Hygroscopic: No	Irritant: No	
Flammable: No	Handling:See caution, Section 2	2
Other (specify): Contains material of human origin		
Toxicological properties		
Effects of inhalation:	Not established, avoid inhalation	
Effects of ingestion:	Not established, avoid ingestion	
Effects of skin absorption:	Not established, avoid contact with sk	in
Suggested First Aid		
Inhalation: Seek medical advice		
Ingestion: Seek medical advice		
Contact with eyes: Wash with copious amounts of water. Seek medical advice		
Contact with skin: Wash	thoroughly with water.	
Action on Spillage and Method of Disposal		
Spillage of ampoule contents should be taken up with absorbent material wetted with an appropriate disinfectant. Rinse area with an appropriate disinfectant followed by water. Absorbent materials used to treat spillage should be treated as		

biological waste.

#### 15. LIABILITY AND LOSS

In the event that this document is translated into another language, the English language version shall prevail in the event of any inconsistencies between the documents.

Unless expressly stated otherwise by NIBSC, NIBSC's Standard Terms and Conditions for the Supply of Materials (available at http://www.nibsc.org/About\_Us/Terms\_and\_Conditions.aspx or upon request by the Recipient) ("Conditions") apply to the exclusion of all other terms and are hereby incorporated into this document by reference. The Recipient's attention is drawn in particular to the provisions of clause 11 of the Conditions.

# 16. INFORMATION FOR CUSTOMS USE ONLY

Country of origin for customs purposes*: United Kingdom * Defined as the country where the goods have been produced and/or sufficiently processed to be classed as originating from the country of supply, for example a change of state such as freeze-drying. Net weight: 89.4 mg Toxicity Statement: Non-toxic Veterinary certificate or other statement if applicable. Attached: No		
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Veterinary certificate or other statement if applicable.	Net weight. 09.4 mg	
	Toxicity Statement: Non-toxic	
Attached: No	Veterinary certificate or other statement if applicable.	
	Attached: No	

#### 17. CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

NIBSC does not provide a Certificate of Analysis for WHO Biological Reference Materials because they are internationally recognised primary reference materials fully described in the instructions for use. The reference materials are established according to the WHO Recommendations for the preparation, characterization and establishment of international and other biological reference standards http://www.who.int/bloodproducts/publications/TRS932Annex2\_Inter\_bi olefstandardsrev2004.pdf (revised 2004). They are officially endorsed by the WHO Expert Committee on Biological Standardization (ECBS) based on the report of the international collaborative study which established their suitability for the intended use.

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